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Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listings of claims in the application. Please amend the claim as follows:

1. (Currently Amended) A device for measuring pressure, the device comprising: a housing comprising an inlet;

a transducer coupled to the inlet in the housing to generate an electrical signal representative of pressure at the inlet, the transducer comprising:

a pressure-to-mechanical transducer coupled to the inlet to displace in response to pressure at the inlet,

a first component of an eddy current sensor, the first component coupled to the pressure-to-mechanical transducer, the first component being movable in response to displacement of the pressure-to-mechanical transducer, and

a second component of an eddy current sensor, the second component positioned to sense movement of the first component and, in response to movement of the first component, generate the electrical signal;

a visual indicator coupled to the inlet in the housing to indicate pressure at the inlet; and a data communication device coupled to the transducer in the housing to transmit a wireless signal corresponding to the electrical signal, whereby pressure information is provided both locally and remotely.

2. (Currently Amended) The device of claim 1, wherein:

the housing comprises a stem extending to the inlet;

the <u>pressure-to-mechanical</u> transducer comprises a Bourdon tube coupled to the inlet to arcuately displace in response to pressure at the inlet; and

the <u>device further comprises a visual indicator coupled to the inlet in the housing to indicate pressure at the inlet, the</u> visual indicator comprises <u>comprising</u>:

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a shaft coupled to the Bourdon tube to rotate in response to displacement of the Bourdon tube, and

a pointer attached to the rotatable shaft to indicate pressure values.

3. (Currently Amended) The device of claim 2, wherein the transducer further comprises:

the first component comprises an inductive target coupled to the Bourdon tube, the target being movable in response to displacement of the Bourdon tube; and

the second component comprises an eddy current sensor inductive coil positioned to sense movement of the inductive target and, in response to movement of the inductive target, to generate the electrical signal.

4. (Canceled)

- 5. (Currently Amended) The device of claim 1, wherein the <u>further comprising a</u> visual indicator <u>coupled to the inlet in the housing to indicate pressure at the inlet, whereby</u> pressure information is provided both locally and remotely comprises a digital display.
- 6. (Original) The device of claim 1, wherein the data communication device comprises an infrared emitter.
- 7. (Currently Amended) The device of claim 1, further comprising a processor coupled between to the transducer and the data communication device.
- 8. (Currently Amended) The device of claim 7, wherein the processor is operable to generate pressure characterization data based on the signal representing pressure at an the inlet, wherein the characterization data is transmitted as part of the wireless signal.

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9. (Original) The device of claim 8, wherein characterization data comprises warnings based on the pressure at the inlet.

- 10. (Original) The device of claim 7, wherein the processor is operable to control the frequency at which pressure information is transmitted.
- 11. (Original) The device of claim 10, wherein the processor is operable to control the pressure information transmission frequency based on pressure data set points, the frequency being altered in response to the pressure crossing a pressure data set point.
- 12. (Original) The device of claim 7, wherein the processor is operable to place itself and other electronic components into a power conservation mode.
- 13. (Original) The device of claim 7, wherein the processor is operable to compensate for non-linearity of the sensed pressure.
- 14. (Original) The device of claim 7, wherein the processor is operable to compensate for temperature coefficients.
- 15. (Original) The device of claim 7, further comprising an Infrared Data Association interface coupled to the processor, wherein the processor may be remotely programmed via the interface.
- 16. (Original) The device of claim 15, wherein the processor may be programmed to change pressure data set points.
- 17. (Original) The device of claim 7, further comprising externally accessible terminals coupled to the processor.

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18. (Original) The device of claim 17, wherein the processor is operable to accept a discrete status input via the terminals

- 19. (Original) The device of claim 17, wherein the processor is operable to output pulse accumulation information via the terminals.
- 20. (Original) The device of claim 1, further comprising a visual indicator at the housing to indicate mode of operation.
- 21. (Original) The device of claim 1, further comprising a data communication device on-off switch.
 - 22. (Currently Amended) A device for measuring pressure, the device comprising: a housing comprising an inlet;
- a transducer coupled to the inlet in the housing to generate an electrical signal representative of pressure at the inlet, the transducer comprising:
- a pressure-to-mechanical transducer coupled to the inlet to displace in response to pressure at the inlet,
- a first component of an eddy current sensor, the first component coupled to the pressure-to-mechanical transducer, the first component being moveable in response to displacement of the pressure-to-mechanical transducer, and
- a second component of an eddy current sensor, the second component positioned to sense movement of the first component and, in response to movement of the first component, generate the electrical signal;
- a processor coupled to the transducer in the housing, the processor operable to receive the electrical signal and to generate a signal including pressure information corresponding to the signal; and

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a data communication device coupled to the processor in the housing to transmit a wireless signal representative of the processor generated signal, whereby pressure information is provided remotely.

- 23. (Original) The device of claim 22, further comprising a visual indicator coupled to the inlet in the housing to indicate pressure at the inlet.
- 24. (Currently Amended) The device of claim 22, wherein the transducer comprises:

 the pressure-to-mechanical transducer comprises a Bourdon tube coupled to the inlet to arcuately displace in response to pressure at the inlet;

the first component comprises an inductive target coupled to the Bourdon tube, the inductive target being moveable in response to displacement of the Bourdon tube; and

the second component comprises an eddy current sensor inductive coil positioned to sense movement of the inductive target and, in response to movement of the inductive target, to generate the electrical signal.

- 25. (Original) The device of claim 22, wherein the processor is further operable to generate pressure characterization data based on the electrical signal, wherein the characterization data is transmitted as part of the wireless signal.
- 26. (Original) The device of claim 22, wherein the processor is further operable to control the frequency at which pressure information is transmitted.
- 27. (Original) The device of claim 22, wherein the processor is further operable to place itself and other electronic components into a power conservation mode.
- 28. (Original) The device of claim 22, wherein the processor is further operable to compensate for non-linearity of the sensed pressure.

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29. (Original) The device of claim 22, wherein the processor is further operable to compensate for temperature coefficients.

- 30. (Original) The device of claim 22, further comprising an Infrared Data Access interface coupled to the processor, wherein the processor may be remotely programmed via the interface.
- 31. (Original) The device of claim 22, further comprising externally accessible terminals coupled to the processor.
 - 32. (Currently Amended) A device for measuring pressure, the device comprising: a housing comprising an inlet;
- a Bourdon tube coupled to the inlet in the housing to displace in response to pressure at the inlet;

a shaft coupled to the Bourdon tube to rotate in response to displacement of the Bourdon tube;

a pointer attached to the rotatable shaft to indicate pressure at the inlet;

an inductive target coupled to the Bourdon tube to move in response to displacement of the Bourdon tube;

an eddy current sensor inductive coil positioned to sense movement of the inductive target and, in response to movement of the inductive target, to generate an electrical signal representative of pressure at the inlet; and

a data communication device coupled to the sensor inductive coil in the housing to transmit a wireless signal corresponding to the electrical signal, whereby pressure information is provided both locally and remotely.

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33. (Currently Amended) The device of claim 32, further comprising a processor coupled between to the eddy current sensor inductive coil and the data communication device.

- 34. (Original) The device of claim 33, wherein the processor is operable to generate pressure characterization data based on the electrical signal, wherein the characterization data is transmitted as part of the wireless signal.
- 35. (Original) The device of claim 33, wherein the processor is operable to control the frequency at which pressure information is transmitted.
- 36. (Original) The device of claim 35, wherein the processor is operable to control the pressure information transmission frequency based on pressure data set points, the frequency being altered in response to the pressure crossing a pressure data set point.
- 37. (Original) The device of claim 33, wherein the processor is operable to place itself and other electronic components into a power conservation mode.
- 38. (Original) The device of claim 33, wherein the processor is operable to compensate for non-linearity of the sensed pressure.
- 39. (Original) The device of claim 33, wherein the processor is operable to compensate for temperature coefficients.
- 40. (Original) The device of claim 33, further comprising an Infrared Data Access interface coupled to the processor, wherein the processor may be remotely programmed via the interface.

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41. (Currently Amended) A method performed at a pressure measurement device, the method comprising:

sensing pressure at an inlet of a housing;

converting the sensed pressure to a mechanical displacement;

translating the mechanical displacement to a first component of an eddy current sensor;

sensing movement of the first component with a second component of an eddy current sensor;

converting the sensed movement to an electrical signal;

converting the sensed pressure to a visual indication of pressure at the housing; converting the sensed pressure to an electrical signal at the housing; and sending a wireless signal corresponding to the electrical signal from the housing, whereby pressure information is provided both locally and remotely.

42. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 41, wherein <u>further comprising</u> converting the sensed pressure to a visual indication of pressure, whereby pressure information is provided both locally and remotely comprises:

converting the sensed pressure to a mechanical displacement; and translating the mechanical displacement to a pointer.

43. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 42, wherein converting the sensed pressure to an electrical signal comprises:

translating the mechanical displacement to a first component of an eddy current sensor comprises translating the mechanical displacement to an inductive target; and

sensing movement of the first component with a second component of the eddy current sensor comprises sensing eddy currents generated in response to displacement movement of the target with an inductive coil.

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44. (Original) The method of claim 41, wherein sending a wireless signal comprises emitting infrared radiation pulses.

- 45. (Original) The method of claim 41, further comprising: generating characterization data for the sensed pressure based on the electrical signal; and sending the characterization data as part of the wireless signal.
- 46. (Original) The method of claim 41, further comprising controlling the frequency at which pressure information is sent.
- 47. (Original) The method of claim 41, further comprising placing electronic components into a power conservation mode.
 - 48. (Original) The method of claim 41, further comprising: receiving wireless signals that specify operational adjustments; and adjusting pressure measurement device operations.
 - 49. (Original) The method of claim 41, further comprising: receiving externally generated data; and sending the data as part of the wireless signal.
- 50. (Original) The method of claim 41, further comprising providing a visual indication of operating mode at the housing.

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51. (Currently Amended) A device for measuring pressure, the device comprising: means for sensing pressure at an inlet of a housing;

means for converting the sensed pressure to an electrical signal at the housing by converting the sensed pressure to a mechanical displacement at the housing, translating the mechanical displacement to a first component of an eddy current sensor, sensing movement of the first component with a second component of the eddy current sensor, and converting the sensed movement to an electrical signal at the housing;

means for converting the sensed pressure to a visual indication of pressure at the housing; means for converting the sensed pressure to an electrical signal at the housing; and means for sending a wireless signal corresponding to the electrical signal from the housing, whereby pressure information is provided both locally and remotely.

52. (Currently Amended) The device of claim 51, wherein further comprising means for converting the sensed pressure to a visual indication of pressure, whereby pressure information is provided both locally and remotely comprises:

converting the sensed pressure to a mechanical displacement; and translating the mechanical displacement to a pointer.

53. (Currently Amended) The device of claim 52 51, wherein converting the sensed pressure to an electrical signal comprises:

translating the mechanical displacement to a first component of an eddy current sensor comprises translating the mechanical displacement to an inductive target; and

sensing movement of the first component with a second component of the eddy current sensor comprises sensing eddy currents generated in response displacement movement of the target with an inductive coil.

54. (Original) The device of claim 51, wherein sending the wireless signal comprises emitting infrared radiation pulses.

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55. (Original) The device of claim 51, further comprising means for generating characterization data for the sensed pressure based on the electrical signal, wherein the characterization data is sent as part of the wireless signal.

- 56. (Original) The device of claim 51, further comprising means for controlling the frequency at which pressure information is sent.
- 57. (Original) The device of claim 51, further comprising means for adjusting operations in response to received wireless signals.
- 58. (Original) The device of claim 51, further comprising means for receiving externally generated data, wherein the data may be sent as part of the wireless signal.
- 59. (Original) The device of claim 51, further comprising means for providing a visual indication of operating mode at the housing.

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60. (Currently Amended) A device for measuring pressure, the device comprising: a housing comprising a stem having an inlet;

a Bourdon tube coupled to the inlet to arcuately displace in response to pressure at the inlet;

a shaft mechanically coupled to the Bourdon tube to rotate in response to displacement of the Bourdon tube;

a pointer attached to the shaft to indicate pressure values;

an inductive target coupled to the Bourdon tube, the target being movable in response to displacement of the Bourdon tube;

an eddy current sensor inductive coil positioned to sense movement of the inductive target and, in response to movement of the inductive target, to generate an electrical signal;

an analog-to-digital converter coupled to the sensor, the converter operable to receive the electrical signal and produce a digitized version of the signal;

a microprocessor coupled to the converter, the microprocessor operable to:

receive the digitized signal,

compensate for non-linearity of the sensed pressure,

compensate for temperature coefficients,

generate pressure characterization data based on the compensated signal,
determine whether the frequency at which pressure information is transmitted should be adjusted,

if the frequency should be adjusted, adjust the frequency,

determine whether it is time to transmit pressure information,

if it is time to transmit pressure information, generate a signal comprising pressure information,

place itself and other electronic components into a power conservation mode, an Infrared Data Association interface coupled to the microprocessor, wherein the microprocessor may be remotely programmed via the interface; and

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an infrared transceiver coupled to the microprocessor to transmit a wireless signal representative of the microprocessor signal, whereby pressure information is provided both locally and remotely.